### **Online Resource 12.** Linear regression results for age as a predictor of RUTIIQ scores.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Subscale | *R2Adj* | *F* | *df* | β | 95% CI | |
| LB | UB |
| Personal wellbeing | .07\*\*\* | 18.6 | 1, 238 | -.17 | -.25 | -.09 |
| Social wellbeing | .04\*\* | 10.9 | 1, 238 | -.19 | -.31 | -.08 |
| Work/activity interference | .05\*\*\* | 14.0 | 1, 138 | -.31 | -.48 | -.15 |
| Sexual wellbeing | -.006 | .00 | 1, 181 | .00 | -.06 | .06 |
| Patient satisfaction a | .07\*\*\* | 18.3 | 1, 238 | -.44 | -.24 | -.64 |

*Note.* *N* = 240 (except for sexual wellbeing: *N* = 183). Greater scores indicate greater impact. Mean age = 45.0 (*SD* = 17.3). *df* = degrees of freedom. CI = confidence interval. LB = lower bound; UB = upper bound.

\*\**p* < .01. \*\*\**p* < .001.

a Reverse-scored.